

EHR Certification in Belgium

A success story

EHR Certification in Belgium A success story



Pascal Coorevits, EuroRec and Ghent University







Introduction

- Certification is the process of issuing the written assurance ("the certificate") that an independent accredited external body has audited and verified that a product or software conforms to specified requirements (based on ISO definitions)
- Certificate is a document issued by a certification authority attesting that a person or product meets a set of requirements or criteria



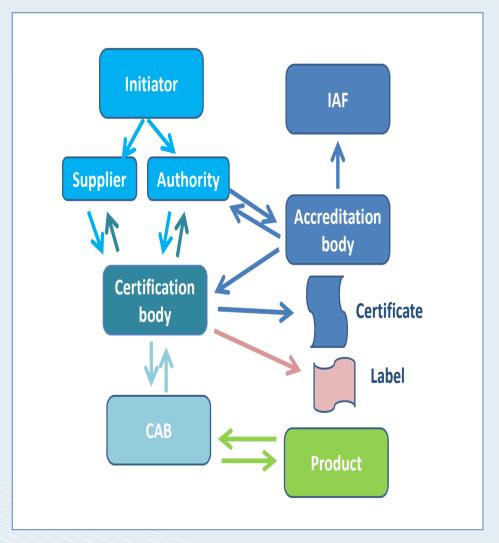








Actors involved in certification









EHR Certification in Belgium

- Declaration of Minister of Health ('97) → defining main EHR functions
- ProRec-BE: translation into technical implementation requirements ('97-'98)
- Law of January 25th 1999: "His Majesty may define minimal criteria to be met by software applications managing the electronic medical and electronic nursing records in order to be homolagated by the Minister of Health"

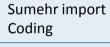






History of EHR Certification sessions

Test of 135 criteria
Focus on coding and drug DB
& structuring the EHR





2002

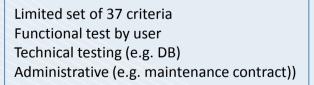
2003

2004

2006

2008





Postponed to March 2005 Export of Summarized EHR (sumehr) Structuring the EHR



eHealth platform







Impact of EHR Certification

- Before certification...
 - Very fragmented EHR market
 - No interoperability, no standards used to exchange patient data
 - Issues with vendor liability
- After some years of certification...
 - EHR market consolidation
 - Vendors recognise positive impact
 - Improvement in interoperability







Recent certification sessions

- Session 2010-2011
 - General practitioners

- Session 2013-2014
 - General practitioners
 - Physiotherapists
 - Home care nurses







Four phases of EHR Certification

- Setting up the certification framework
- Pre-assessment phase
- Assessment or testing phase
- Granting/maintaining the certificate









Pre-assessment phase

- Selection of functions to be assessed
- Defining the criteria
- Negotiate feasibility with suppliers and users
- Create appropriate documentation

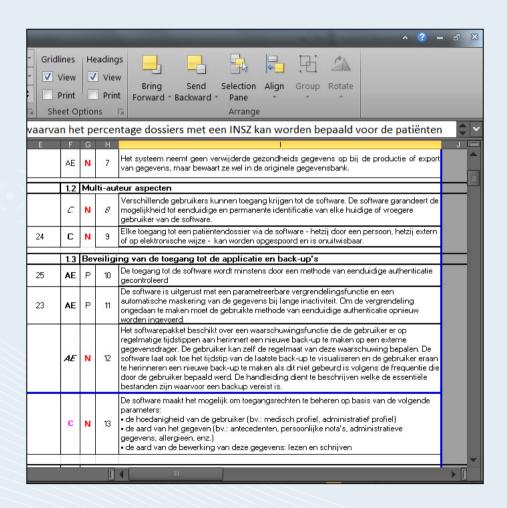








Defining criteria



Label:

- C: to be evaluated
- AE: auto evaluation
- N: new
- P: previous
- L: later







EHR Certification criteria 2010-2011

Criterium	Criterium
8: Identification user	59b: prevention cervical cancer
9: Access to patient records	59c: prevention colon cancer
13: User access	65: care elements
19: Patient identification (INSS)	86c: sumehr export
20: eID and SIS	86e: sumehr preview
21: check double patient records	91: export partial patient data
26: Global Medical Record	97: GP software migration format
43: ICPC2 and ICD10 coding	108: yearly contact group
45: ATC and CNK coding	120: CEBAM
47: Cheap medicines	121: encryption/decryption







Providing documentation

For each of the criteria to be tested:

- Description
- Q&A from suppliers
- Interpretation
- (non-exhaustive) list of testing/validation options









Assessment phase

- Logistics (inscription, financial aspects, ...)
- Defining test populations and test scenarios
- Testing the applications
- Documentation of (non)conformity









Criterium – script - scenario

Example: Criterium 26 "The software shows the presence or absence of a Global Medical Record and shows the date of signature and the GMR-holder (RIZIV number)"



Script:

Open the record of patient X

Add date of signature: June 5th 2010

Add GMR-holder: user Y

Scenario				
Script 1	Script 2	Script 3		
Crit. xCrit. yCrit. z	• Crit. a • Crit. b	• Crit. c		







Assessment phase - testing

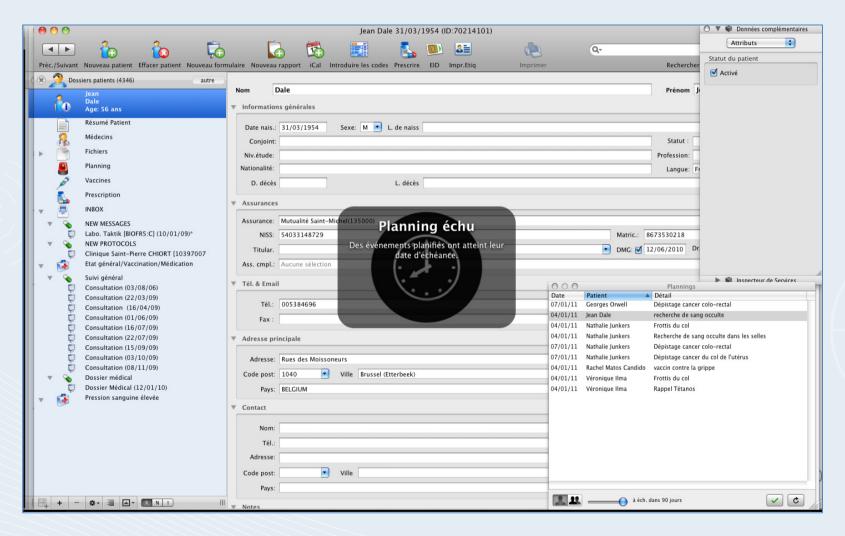
- Testing "on site"
- Delegation consisting of representatives of supplier, eHealth platform and CAB
- Supplier executes the scenario
- Functional & technical testing
- Lots of screen captures
- Documentation in scenario







Functional evaluation









Technical evaluation

```
<item>
<id S="ID-KMEHR" SV="1.0">10</id>
<id SV="1.1" S="LOCAL" SL="ProRec SW">10028</id>
<id S="LOCAL" SV="1.0" SL="GPSMF-ID">0029</id>
<cd S="CD-ITEM" SV="1.3">diagnostic</cd>
<content>
  <cd S="CD-CLINICAL" SV="1.0" DN="eenmalige episode van lichte depressie">10093303</cd>
  <cd S="ICPC" SV="2">P76</cd>
  <cd S="ICD" SV="10">F32.0</cd>
 </content>
 <content>
  <text L="nl">lichte depressie</text>
</content>
 <br/>beginmoment>
  <date>2001-07-04</date>
 </beginmoment>
 lifecycle>
  <cd S="CD-LIFECYCLE" SV="1.0">active</cd>
 </lifecycle>
<isrelevant>true</isrelevant>
<recorddatetime>2001-07-04T15:05:05</recorddatetime>
</item>
```







Documenting



Action Open the record of patient G1. Command Control the presence of a GMR¹⁹. (*26_1/2) Show the start date and the name / social security number of the responsible healthcare professional for the GMR. (*26_2/2) **Comments testers** Comments supplier <CR97> <CR121> Action Command Export all the data for this patient as a 'GP software migration format' file. Decrypt external file 1 with the key of the CAB. Integrate the content of the file in the record of patient G1. Comments testers Comments supplier

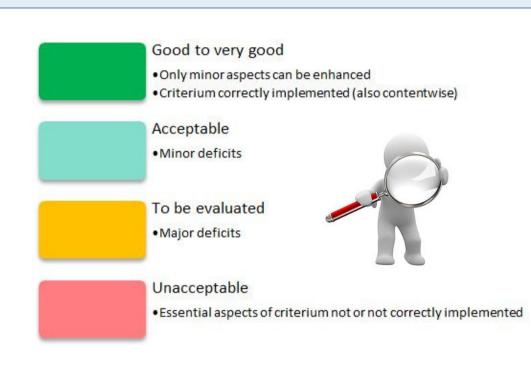






Evaluation report

21	Check double patient records	
26	Global Medical Patient Record	
43	ICPC2 and ICD10 coding	
45	ATC and CNK coding	
47	Generic medicines	
59b	Prevention cervical cancer	
59c	Prevention colon cancer	
350	Prevention colon cancer	
65	Care elements	
1		
65	Care elements	
65 86c	Care elements Sumehr export	









Evaluation

CRITERIUM 21

"The software discovers possible double patient records during the creation of the patient record, based either on the last name, first name, sex, date of birth, or based on the INSS number, and prohibits the creation of multiple records with the same INSS number."

Good to very good Acceptable To be evaluated Unacceptable

COMMENTS

- The same INSS number can appear in different patient records
- The same patient can have two patient records (one with and one without INSS)
- No unique identification







Granting the certificate

- Health Insurance Institute grants certificates and ensures that users are entitle to receive financial incentive
- Certificate is granted for a defined version and is valid until next certification
- Appeal procedure / retesting sessions
- Contractual commitment to distribute certified EHR within three months
- Minimal support & maintenance by supplier







Certified EHR software 2012-2013

Naam van het softwarepakket	Naam van de firma	Geteste versie
HealthOne	Health Data Management Partners SA/NV	Health One v7.2.0
Epicure	MedicalSoft Sprl	Epicuresoft v15
MediDoc	Corilus Vlaanderen	MediDoc 7.2
OmniWin	Corilus Vlaanderen	Omniwin 19.3.0
MedSoft	Corilus Vlaanderen	MedSoft 3.0
Accrimed	Corilus Vlaanderen	Accrimed 6.7.3
SoSoeme	Corilus Vlaanderen	SoSoeMe v11.3
Medigest	Corilus Vlaanderen	Medigest 2011.2.1
Le généraliste	PC Sol	Le Généraliste 5.5070
OmniPro	MIMS	OmniPro 2.16.0.d
Medinote	The Virtuous Circle	MediNote 3.6
Pricare	FIGAC Asbl	Pricare 5.3
Prodoc	VZW Pro_doc gebruikers	Pro_Doc 4.1
iCure	Taktik	iCure 3.5.0
MediWin	Infodef	MediWin 4.37
Socrate	Socratem	Socrate Medical v9
Windoc	CompuGroup Medical Belgium byba	WinDoc 8.8.







Current certification session

	GPs	Physiotherapists	Nurses
Documentation	April 2013	May 2013	June 2013
Test population	May 2013	June 2013	July 2013
Demo test scenario	May 2013	June 2013	July 2013
First tests	September 2013	October 2013	December 2013
Second tests	December 2013	February 2014	April 2014







Sources

- EuroRec website http://www.eurorec.org
- EHR-Q^{TN} website http://www.eurorec.org/RD/EHR-Q-TN.cfm
 - D5.2 "Roadmap towards Sustainable Pan-European Certification of EHR systems"
 - D6.2 "State of the Art of EHR Quality Labeling and Certification Procedures & Scenarios"
- HITCH website http://www.hitch-project.eu
- Belgian eHealth platform <u>https://www.ehealth.fgov.be/nl/registratie-van-de-medische-</u> softwarepakketten







Thank you!



Pascal Coorevits, PhD









